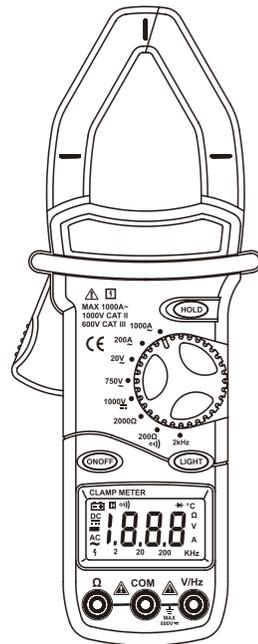


DIGITAL CLAMP METER

OPERATOR'S INSTRUCTION MANUAL



CAT II
1000V

CAT III
600V

DIGITAL CLAMP METER

Safety Information

The digital clamp meter has been designed according to IEC 1010-1 and IEC1010-2-032 concerning safety requirements for electrical measuring instruments and hand – held current clamps with overvoltage category 1000V CAT II 600V CAT III and pollution 2.

Safety Symbols

	Note-Important safety information, refer to the instruction manual.
	Application around and removal from UNINSULATED HAZARDOUS LIVE conductors is permitted.
	Caution, possibility of electric shock
	Equipment protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.
	Earth (ground) TERMINAL
	Direct current
	Alternating current

CAT II: MEASUREMENT CATEGORY II is applicable to test and measuring circuits connected directly to utilization points (socket outlets and similar points) of the low-voltage MAINS installation.

CAT III: MEASUREMENT CATEGORY III is applicable to test and measuring circuits connected to the distribution part of the building's low-voltage MAINS installation.

The digital clamp meter complies with the requirements of the following European Community Directives: 89/336/EEC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) and 73/23/EEC (Low Voltage) as amended by 93/68/EEC (CE Marking).

01

DIGITAL CLAMP METER

However, electrical noise or intense electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of the equipment may disturb the measurement circuit. Measuring instruments will also respond to unwanted signals that may be present within the measurement circuit. Users should exercise care and take appropriate precautions to avoid misleading.

Safety Precautions

Follow all safety and operating instructions to ensure maximum personal safety during the operation and to ensure the meter is used safely and is kept in good operating condition.

- Read these operating instructions thoroughly and completely before operating your meter. Pay particular attention to WARNINGS, which will inform you of potentially dangerous procedures. The instructions in these warnings must be followed.
- Always inspect your meter and test leads for any sign of damage or abnormality before every use. If any abnormal conditions exist (i.e. broken test leads, cracked cases, display not reading, etc.), do not attempt to take any measurements.
- Do not expose the instrument to direct sunlight, extreme temperature or moisture.
- Never ground yourself when taking electrical measurements. Do not touch exposed metal pipes, outlets, fixtures, etc., which might be at ground potential. Keep your body isolated from ground by using dry clothing; rubber shoes, rubber mat, or any approved insulating material.
- You always are careful when working with voltages above 60V dc or 30V ac rms. Keep fingers behind the probe barriers while measuring.
- Never use the meter to measure voltages that might exceed the maximum allowable input value of any function.
- Never touch exposed wiring, connections or any live circuit when attempting to take measurements.

02

DIGITAL CLAMP METER

Maintenance

- Before opening the case, always disconnect test leads from all energized circuits.
- Never use the meter unless the back cover is in place and fastened completely.
- Do not use abrasives or solvents on the meter. To clean it using a damp cloth and mild detergent only.
- Qualified and trained service technicians should only perform calibration and repair of the meter.
- Do not attempt calibration or service unless trained and another person capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation is present.

General Description

The meter is a handheld 3 1/2 digital clamp meter for measuring DC and AC voltage, AC current, Resistance, Continuity Test and Frequency with battery operated.

Front Panel Description

- Transformer jaws
Pick up the AC current flowing through the conductor.
- Hold button
When this button is pushed, the display will keep the last reading and "H" symbol will appear on the LCD until pushing it again.
- Rotary switch
This switch is used to select functions and desired ranges.
- Back light
To use this function, press the LIGHT button. When this button is pushed, the Back light of display is on. After about 7-8 seconds, the Back light is self-off. The Back light is on again, just push this button once.

03

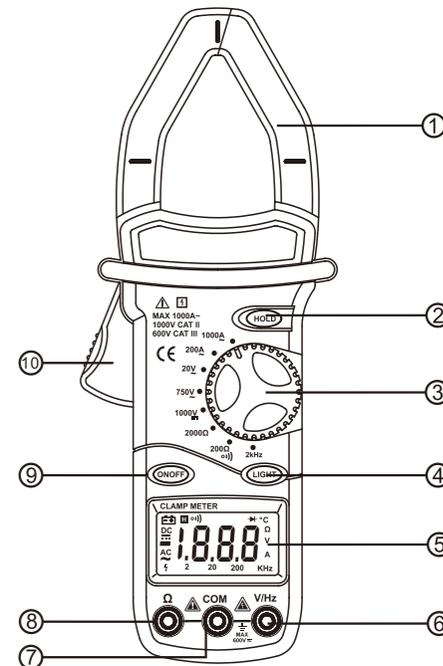
DIGITAL CLAMP METER

- Display
3 1/2 digit, 7 segment, 16mm high, LCD.
- "V/Hz" jack
This is positive input terminal for VOLT of Frequency measurement . connection is made to it using the red test lead.
- "COM" jack
This is negative (ground) input terminal for all measurement modes except current. Connection is made to it using the black test lead.
- "Ω" jack
This is the positive input terminal for ohms. Connection is made to it using the red test lead.
- ON/OFF Switch
A push-push switch is used to turn the meter on or off.
- Trigger
Press the lever to open the transformer jaws. When the lever is released, the jaws will close again.

04

DIGITAL CLAMP METER

CLAMP METER LAYOUT



05

DIGITAL CLAMP METER

Operating Instructions

DC Voltage Measurement

1. Connect the red test lead to the “V” jack and the black lead to the “COM” jack.
2. Set rotary switch at desired 1000V $\overline{\text{---}}$ position.
3. Connect test leads across the source or load being measured.
4. Read voltage value on the LCD display along with the polarity of the red lead connection.

AC Voltage Measurement

1. Connect the red test lead to “V~” jack and the black test lead to the “COM” jack.
2. Set the rotary switch at desired 750V~ position.
3. Connect test leads across the source or load being measured.
4. Read voltage value on the LCD display.

AC Current Measurement

1. Set the rotary switch at desired A~ position.
2. Press the trigger to open transformer jaw and to clamp one conductor only, making sure that the jaw is firmly closed around the conductor.
3. Read current value on LCD display.
4. When only the figure “1” is displayed, it indicates overrange situation and the higher range has to be selected.

Resistance Measurement

1. Connect the red test lead to “ Ω ” jack and black test lead to the “COM” jack (The polarity of red lead is positive “+”).
2. Set the rotary switch at desired “ Ω ” range position.

06

DIGITAL CLAMP METER

3. Connect test leads across the resistor to be measured and read LCD display.
4. If the resistance being measured is connected to a circuit, turn off power and discharge all capacitors before applying test probes.

NOTE:

1. If the resistance being measured exceeds the maximum value of the range selected or the input is not connected, an overrange indication “1” will be displayed.
2. When checking in-circuit resistance, be sure the circuit under test has all power removed and that all capacitors have been discharged fully.

FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT

1. Connect the red test lead to “V/Hz” jack and the black test lead to the “COM” jack.
2. Set the rotary switch at desired 2kHz position.
3. Connect test leads across the source being measured.
4. Read Frequency value on the LCD display.

NOTE:

The input voltage of source being measured be not more than 750V, When the input voltage more than 750V which can damage of electronic current of the meter.

AUDIBLE CONTINUITY TEST

1. Connect red test lead to “ Ω ” jack, black test lead to “COM” jack.
2. Set range switch to “ di ” position.
3. Connect test leads to two points of circuit to be tested. If continuity exists, built-in buzzer will sound.

07

DIGITAL CLAMP METER

Specifications

Accuracy is specified for a period of one year after calibration and at 18°C to 28°C (64°F to 82°F) with relative humidity to 80%.

General

Maximum voltage between terminals and earth ground	CAT II 1000V and CAT III 600V
Display	LCD, 1999 counts, updates 2-3/ sec.
Polarity indication	“-” displayed for negative polarity.
Overrange Indication	Only figure “1” on the display.
Jaw opening capability	42mm (Max conductor size)
Power	9V battery, NEDA 1604 6F22 006P.
Low battery indication	“ di ” Appears on the display.
Operating Environment	0 to 40°C
Storage temperature	-10°C to 50°C
Temperature coefficient	0.1×specified accuracy) / °C (<18°C or >28°C)
Altitude	2000m
Size	250mm×99mm×43mm
Weight	Approx. 416g.

08

DIGITAL CLAMP METER

DC Voltage

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
1000V	1V	±1.0% of rdg ± 2 digits

Input Impedance: 10M Ω

AC Voltage

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
750V	1V	±1.0% of rdg ± 5 digits

Input Impedance: 10M Ω

Frequency range: 40Hz to 400Hz. Response: Average responding, calibrated in rms. of a sine wave.

AC Current

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
20A	0.01A	± 2.0% of rdg ± 5 digits
200A	0.1A	± 2.0% of rdg ± 5 digits
1000A	1A	± 2.0% of rdg ± 7 digits

Overload Protection: 1200A for 60 seconds maximum.

Frequency range: 50Hz to 60Hz.

Resistance

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
200 Ω	0.1 Ω	± 1.0% of rdg ± 3 digits
2000 Ω	1 Ω	± 1.0% of rdg ± 3 digits

09

DIGITAL CLAMP METER

Frequency

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
2kHz	1Hz	±1.0% of rdg ± 2 digits

Frequency measuring range: 50Hz to 1kHz.

Input voltage range: 100V to 750V.

Continuity

Range	Description
di)	If continuity exists (about less than 60 Ω), built-in buzzer will sound.

Replacing The Battery

Δ WARNING

Before attempting to open the case of battery, always be sure that test leads have been disconnected from measurement circuits. Close case and tighten screws completely before using the meter to avoid electrical shock hazard.

If “ di ” appears on display, it indicates that the battery should be replaced. Use the following procedure to replacing the battery:

1. Disconnect test leads from any live source and remove the test leads from the input terminals of the meter. Push the ON/OFF switch to OFF.
2. The battery cover is secured to the bottom case by a screw. Using a screwdriver, remove the screw from the battery cover and remove the battery cover.

10

DIGITAL CLAMP METER

3. Remove battery and replace with a new equivalent 9 volt battery.
4. Replace the battery cover and reinstall the screw.

Accessories

- Operator's instruction manual
- Set of test leads
- Gift box
- 9 volt battery. NEDA 1604 6F22 006P type.

Δ CAUTION:

Using this appliance in an environment with a strong radiated radio-frequency electromagnetic field (approximately 3V/m), may influence its measuring accuracy. The measuring result can be strongly deviating from the actual value.



70007885